BU CS 332 – Theory of Computation

Lecture 9:

• Midterm I review

Reading: Sipser Ch 0-2.3

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Midterm I Topics

Deterministic FAs (1.1)

- Given an English description of a language *L*, write its formal description (and vice versa)
- Given an English or formal description of a language L, draw the state diagram of a DFA recognizing L (and vice versa)
- Know the formal definition of a DFA (A DFA is a 5 tuple...) and convert between state diagram and formal description
- Know the formal definition of how a DFA computes
- Regular operations: Union, concatenation, star and closure of regular languages under regular operations, construction for closure under complement
 - Cross-product construction for union/intersection

Nondeterministic FAs (1.2)

- Given an English or formal description of a language *L*, draw the state diagram of an NFA recognizing *L* (and vice versa)
- Know the formal definition of an NFA
- Know the power set construction for converting an NFA to a DFA
- Proving closure properties: Know the constructions for union, concatenation, star
- Recall other closure properties: reverse, intersection, complement

Regular Expressions (1.3)

- Given an English or formal description of a language L, construct a regex generating L (and vice versa)
- Formal definition of a regex
- Know how to convert a regex to an NFA
- Know how to convert a DFA/NFA to a regex

Non-regular Languages (1.4)

- Know the proof ideas for the pumping lemma for regular languages
- Understand the statement of the pumping lemma and how to apply it
- Beyond the pumping lemma: Showing languages are non-regular by combining pumping lemma with closure properties

Context-free Grammars (2.1)

- Given an English or formal description of a language *L*, give a CFG (in Backus-Naur form) generating *L* (and vice versa)
- Formal definition of a CFG (A CFG is a 4-tuple...), context-free languages
- Parse trees, derivations

Non-context-free Languages

- Know the proof ideas for the pumping lemma for CFLs
- Understand the statement of the pumping lemma and how to apply it
- Beyond the pumping lemma: Showing languages are non-context-free by combining pumping lemma with closure properties

Exam Tips

Study Tips

- Review problems from HW 0-3, discussion sections 1-3, solved exercises/problems in Sipser, and suggested exercises on the homework
 - We will literally ask you a question from the homework exercises, so make sure you understand these

 While you are not required to prepare a cheat-sheet, this is a great way to study!

Study Tips

• Make sure you know how to solve the problems on the practice midterm and are familiar with the format. The format/length of the real midterm will be very similar.

 If you need more practice, there are lots of problems in the book. We're happy to talk about any of these problems in office hours.

For the exam itself

- You may cite without proof any result...
 - Stated in lecture
 - Stated and proved in the main body of the text (Ch. 0-2.3)
 - These include worked-out examples of state diagrams, regexes, CFGs, non-regular/non-CF languages
- Not included above: homework problems, discussion problems, (solved) exercise/problems in the text

 Showing your work / explaining your answers will help us give you partial credit

Practice Problems

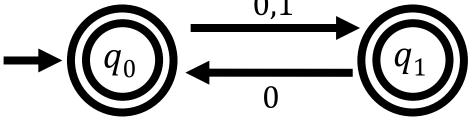
Regular Languages

Name six operations under which the regular languages are closed

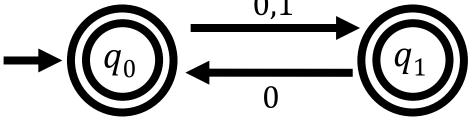
Prove or disprove: The non-regular languages are closed under union

Give the state diagram of an NFA recognizing the language (01 U 10)*

Give an equivalent regular expression for the following NFA $\longrightarrow 0,1$



Give an equivalent regular expression for the following NFA $\longrightarrow 0,1$



Let R be a regular expression with n symbols. If we convert R into an NFA using the procedure described in class, how many states could it have in the worst case?

Is the following language regular? $\{a^n a^n | n \ge 0\}$

Is the following language regular? $\{0^n 1^n | 0 \le n \le 2020\}$

Let $L = \{w \in \{0,1\}^* | w \text{ has the same number of 0s and 1s}\}.$ Let p be a pumping length and $s = (01)^p$. Give a decomposition of s = xyz which **can** be pumped in L.

Is L regular?

Context-Free Languages

Name three operations under which the context-free languages are closed.

Name two operations under which the CFLs are not closed

What language is generated by the CFG $S \rightarrow aSb \mid bY \mid Ya$ $Y \rightarrow bY \mid aY \mid \varepsilon$?

Give a CFG for the language $\{w \ \# 0^n \mid n \ge 0, |w| = n\}$

Give a PDA recognizing the language $\{0^n 1^n | n \ge 0\}$

Prove that $\{w \in \{0,1\}^* | w \text{ is a palindrome with the same number of 0s and 1s} \text{ is not context-free }$